

Diethyl 2-amino-5-[(E)-(furan-2-yl-methylidene)amino]thiophene-3,4-di-carboxylate

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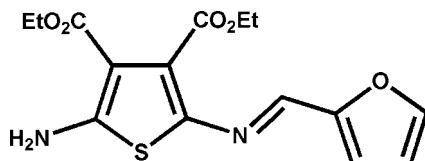
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 123\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.037; wR factor = 0.102; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.3.

In the crystal structure of the title compound, $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}$, the azomethine adopts the *E* configuration. The two heterocyclic rings adopt an antiperiplanar orientation. The mean planes of the thiophene and furan rings are twisted by $2.51(4)^\circ$. The crystal structure exhibits intermolecular N—H···O hydrogen bonding. π – π stacking is also observed, the centroid-to-centroid distance being $3.770(4)\text{ \AA}$.

Related literature

For general background, see: Dufresne & Skene (2008). For a related crystal structure, see: Skene *et al.* (2006).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}$	$V = 1529.0(5)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 336.36$	$Z = 4$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	$\text{Cu } K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 9.3452(19)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 2.14\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 14.635(3)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 123\text{ K}$
$c = 11.343(2)\text{ \AA}$	$0.14 \times 0.10 \times 0.04\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 99.73(3)^\circ$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART 6000 diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\min} = 0.728$, $T_{\max} = 0.920$

6320 measured reflections
3005 independent reflections
2475 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.036$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.102$
 $S = 1.03$
3005 reflections

210 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.29\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.34\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N1—H1A···O2 ⁱ	0.88	2.20	2.889 (2)	135
N1—H1B···O4 ⁱⁱ	0.88	2.50	3.059 (3)	122

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y, -z + 2$; (ii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2003); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *UdMX* (Marris, 2004).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: WN2415).

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supplementary materials

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Diethyl 2-amino-5-[(E)-(furan-2-ylmethylidene)amino]thiophene-3,4-dicarboxylate

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Comment

During the course of our ongoing conjugated azomethine research, we prepared the title compound. The X-ray crystallographic analysis not only confirmed the structure (Fig. 1), but that the energetically stable E isomer was formed. Neither solvent nor counter-ions were found in the structure.

The heterocyclic rings were found not to be coplanar; the angle between the heterocyclic mean planes is 2.51 (4) $^{\circ}$. This angle is less than that in a previously reported azomethine thiophene system, whose angle is 7.25 (11) $^{\circ}$ (Skene *et al.*, 2006).

A major point of interest is the azomethine bond. The bond lengths for N2—C4, N2—C5 and C5—C6 are 1.382 (2), 1.289 (2) and 1.420 (2) Å, respectively. These are similar to the related azomethine thiophene compound (Skene *et al.*, 2006), whose homologous lengths are 1.381 (3), 1.283 (3) and 1.426 (3) Å.

Fig. 2 shows that two different hydrogen bonds occur in the crystal structure, viz. N1—H1A \cdots O2ⁱⁱⁱ and N1—H1B \cdots O4ⁱⁱ. The D—H \cdots A angles are 135 $^{\circ}$ and 122 $^{\circ}$ and distances of 2.880 (3) Å and 3.059 (3) Å were measured between the nitrogen and oxygens (Table 1). Dimerization of two molecules occurs via H-bonding between N1—H1A \cdots O2ⁱⁱⁱ. Additionally, π -stacking takes place between two different molecules, at [x, y, z] and [1 - x, -y, 1 - z]. Fig. 3 shows the interactions, with the distance between the planes being 3.440 (4) Å. The centroid \cdots centroid distance between the two rings is 3.770 (4) Å.

Experimental

2-Furaldehyde (37 mg, 0.39 mmol) and 2,5-diamino-thiophene-3,4-dicarboxylic acid diethyl ester (100 mg, 0.39 mmol) were mixed in anhydrous 2-propanol with a catalytic amount of TFA and refluxed for 12 h. The reaction was then purified by flash chromatography to afford the title compound as a brownish yellow solid (110 mg, 85%). Single crystals were obtained by slow evaporation of an acetone solution.

Refinement

Carbon-bound H atoms were placed in calculated positions (Cmethyl—H = 0.98 Å, Cmethylene—H = 0.99 Å and Csp²—H = 0.95 Å) and included in the refinement in the riding-model approximation, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = kU_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$, where k = 1.5 for Cmethyl and 1.2 for Cmethylene and Csp². The H atoms of the amino group were placed in calculated positions (N—H = 0.88 Å) and included in the refinement in the riding-model approximation, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{N})$.

supplementary materials

Figures

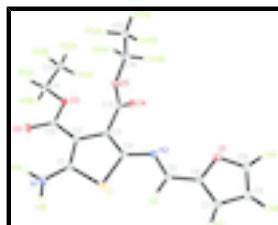


Fig. 1. *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) representation of the molecular structure, with the numbering scheme adopted. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H atoms are shown as spheres of arbitrary radius.

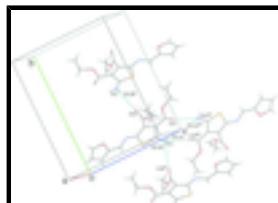


Fig. 2. Supramolecular structure showing the intermolecular hydrogen bonding (dashed lines). [Symmetry codes: (i) $1/2 - x, 1/2 + y, 1.5 - z$; (ii) $1/2 - x, -1/2 + y, 1.5 - z$; (iii) $-x, -y, 2 - z$.]

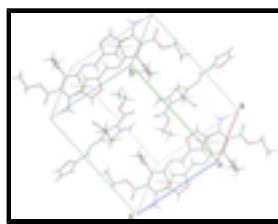


Fig. 3. The three-dimensional network demonstrating the π -stacking (dashed lines) in the crystal structure.

Diethyl 2-amino-5-[(E)-(furan-2-ylmethyldene)amino]thiophene-3,4-dicarboxylate

Crystal data

$C_{15}H_{16}N_2O_5S$	$F(000) = 704$
$M_r = 336.36$	$D_x = 1.461 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Melting point: 425(2) K
Hall symbol: -P 2yn	$Cu K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 1.54178 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 9.3452 (19) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 3360 reflections
$b = 14.635 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 5.0\text{--}38.8^\circ$
$c = 11.343 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 2.14 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 99.73 (3)^\circ$	$T = 123 \text{ K}$
$V = 1529.0 (5) \text{ \AA}^3$	Block, yellow
$Z = 4$	$0.14 \times 0.10 \times 0.04 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART 6000	3005 independent reflections
diffractometer	
Radiation source: rotating anode	2475 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Montel 200 optics	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.036$
Detector resolution: 5.5 pixels mm^{-1}	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 72.3^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 5.0^\circ$
ω scans	$h = -11 \rightarrow 11$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 1996)	$k = -17 \rightarrow 18$

$T_{\min} = 0.728$, $T_{\max} = 0.920$
6320 measured reflections

$l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.102$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.03$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0643P)^2]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
3005 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
210 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.29 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.34 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.15876 (5)	0.01058 (3)	0.62132 (4)	0.02153 (13)
O3	0.26457 (13)	0.20322 (8)	0.97617 (10)	0.0216 (3)
O5	0.53448 (13)	0.16250 (8)	0.86520 (11)	0.0229 (3)
O1	0.53601 (14)	0.14839 (10)	0.36188 (11)	0.0299 (3)
O4	0.42258 (13)	0.28091 (8)	0.76310 (11)	0.0261 (3)
O2	0.11370 (14)	0.08821 (9)	1.00209 (11)	0.0280 (3)
N2	0.37833 (15)	0.11513 (10)	0.55344 (12)	0.0201 (3)
N1	0.01952 (16)	-0.02136 (10)	0.80267 (14)	0.0247 (3)
H1A	-0.0029	-0.0108	0.8737	0.030*
H1B	-0.0274	-0.0637	0.7563	0.030*
C13	0.42543 (18)	0.20165 (12)	0.79259 (14)	0.0180 (3)
C2	0.21155 (17)	0.09610 (11)	0.82328 (15)	0.0177 (3)
C4	0.29499 (18)	0.09523 (12)	0.63985 (15)	0.0194 (4)
C10	0.19189 (18)	0.12672 (12)	0.94126 (15)	0.0192 (4)
C3	0.30893 (17)	0.13360 (12)	0.75044 (14)	0.0175 (3)
C14	0.65332 (19)	0.22184 (13)	0.91629 (17)	0.0274 (4)

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H14A	0.6231	0.2619	0.9780	0.033*
H14B	0.6830	0.2608	0.8533	0.033*
C1	0.12570 (18)	0.02730 (12)	0.76478 (15)	0.0191 (4)
C6	0.42538 (19)	0.08612 (12)	0.35493 (16)	0.0218 (4)
C5	0.35120 (19)	0.07232 (12)	0.45285 (15)	0.0225 (4)
H5	0.2757	0.0281	0.4435	0.027*
C11	0.2356 (2)	0.24369 (13)	1.08714 (15)	0.0259 (4)
H11A	0.2526	0.1984	1.1528	0.031*
H11B	0.1335	0.2646	1.0776	0.031*
C8	0.5077 (2)	0.08255 (14)	0.18213 (16)	0.0284 (4)
H8	0.5204	0.0675	0.1031	0.034*
C7	0.4049 (2)	0.04441 (13)	0.24649 (16)	0.0272 (4)
H7	0.3351	-0.0014	0.2191	0.033*
C9	0.5836 (2)	0.14410 (15)	0.25473 (17)	0.0316 (5)
H9	0.6604	0.1800	0.2343	0.038*
C15	0.7766 (2)	0.16205 (14)	0.97085 (18)	0.0320 (4)
H15A	0.7455	0.1231	1.0321	0.048*
H15B	0.8583	0.2002	1.0075	0.048*
H15C	0.8068	0.1237	0.9087	0.048*
C12	0.3367 (2)	0.32281 (13)	1.11445 (17)	0.0351 (5)
H12A	0.4372	0.3007	1.1284	0.053*
H12B	0.3167	0.3543	1.1862	0.053*
H12C	0.3227	0.3653	1.0467	0.053*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0226 (2)	0.0245 (2)	0.0170 (2)	-0.00387 (17)	0.00208 (16)	-0.00373 (16)
O3	0.0288 (7)	0.0215 (6)	0.0158 (6)	-0.0027 (5)	0.0072 (5)	-0.0041 (5)
O5	0.0206 (6)	0.0213 (6)	0.0245 (7)	-0.0023 (5)	-0.0025 (5)	-0.0003 (5)
O1	0.0275 (7)	0.0373 (8)	0.0254 (7)	-0.0063 (6)	0.0062 (6)	-0.0053 (6)
O4	0.0286 (7)	0.0206 (7)	0.0278 (7)	-0.0032 (5)	0.0013 (5)	0.0036 (5)
O2	0.0310 (7)	0.0308 (7)	0.0253 (7)	-0.0070 (6)	0.0134 (6)	-0.0019 (6)
N2	0.0221 (7)	0.0234 (8)	0.0148 (7)	0.0023 (6)	0.0036 (6)	0.0009 (6)
N1	0.0242 (8)	0.0269 (8)	0.0239 (8)	-0.0083 (6)	0.0069 (6)	-0.0038 (6)
C13	0.0205 (8)	0.0216 (9)	0.0131 (8)	0.0010 (6)	0.0060 (6)	-0.0011 (6)
C2	0.0171 (8)	0.0183 (8)	0.0175 (8)	0.0003 (6)	0.0028 (6)	0.0004 (6)
C4	0.0191 (8)	0.0222 (9)	0.0170 (8)	0.0003 (7)	0.0032 (7)	0.0008 (7)
C10	0.0178 (8)	0.0213 (9)	0.0184 (8)	0.0015 (6)	0.0025 (7)	0.0006 (7)
C3	0.0174 (8)	0.0184 (8)	0.0168 (8)	0.0013 (6)	0.0032 (6)	0.0017 (6)
C14	0.0222 (9)	0.0273 (10)	0.0309 (10)	-0.0057 (7)	-0.0011 (8)	-0.0059 (8)
C1	0.0181 (8)	0.0200 (8)	0.0185 (8)	0.0023 (6)	0.0013 (7)	0.0006 (7)
C6	0.0235 (8)	0.0226 (9)	0.0188 (8)	0.0000 (7)	0.0022 (7)	0.0008 (7)
C5	0.0267 (9)	0.0222 (9)	0.0188 (9)	-0.0013 (7)	0.0041 (7)	0.0005 (7)
C11	0.0380 (10)	0.0256 (9)	0.0154 (8)	0.0023 (8)	0.0080 (8)	-0.0038 (7)
C8	0.0314 (10)	0.0375 (11)	0.0174 (9)	0.0075 (8)	0.0076 (8)	0.0002 (8)
C7	0.0365 (10)	0.0259 (10)	0.0198 (9)	-0.0008 (8)	0.0061 (8)	-0.0038 (7)
C9	0.0266 (10)	0.0429 (12)	0.0278 (10)	-0.0014 (8)	0.0115 (8)	0.0052 (9)

C15	0.0236 (9)	0.0391 (11)	0.0303 (10)	0.0003 (8)	-0.0043 (8)	-0.0037 (9)
C12	0.0578 (14)	0.0241 (10)	0.0235 (10)	-0.0043 (10)	0.0078 (9)	-0.0049 (8)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

S1—C1	1.7242 (18)	C14—C15	1.495 (3)
S1—C4	1.7633 (18)	C14—H14A	0.99
O3—C10	1.334 (2)	C14—H14B	0.99
O3—C11	1.4573 (19)	C6—C7	1.357 (2)
O5—C13	1.3272 (19)	C6—C5	1.420 (2)
O5—C14	1.451 (2)	C5—H5	0.95
O1—C9	1.364 (2)	C11—C12	1.494 (3)
O1—C6	1.370 (2)	C11—H11A	0.99
O4—C13	1.206 (2)	C11—H11B	0.99
O2—C10	1.224 (2)	C8—C9	1.340 (3)
N2—C5	1.289 (2)	C8—C7	1.416 (3)
N2—C4	1.382 (2)	C8—H8	0.95
N1—C1	1.349 (2)	C7—H7	0.95
N1—H1A	0.88	C9—H9	0.95
N1—H1B	0.88	C15—H15A	0.98
C13—C3	1.493 (2)	C15—H15B	0.98
C2—C1	1.385 (2)	C15—H15C	0.98
C2—C3	1.437 (2)	C12—H12A	0.98
C2—C10	1.452 (2)	C12—H12B	0.98
C4—C3	1.360 (2)	C12—H12C	0.98
C1—S1—C4	91.65 (8)	C7—C6—C5	129.21 (18)
C10—O3—C11	115.96 (13)	O1—C6—C5	120.86 (16)
C13—O5—C14	116.42 (14)	N2—C5—C6	125.07 (17)
C9—O1—C6	105.92 (15)	N2—C5—H5	117.5
C5—N2—C4	118.38 (15)	C6—C5—H5	117.5
C1—N1—H1A	120	O3—C11—C12	106.90 (15)
C1—N1—H1B	120	O3—C11—H11A	110.3
H1A—N1—H1B	120	C12—C11—H11A	110.3
O4—C13—O5	124.46 (16)	O3—C11—H11B	110.3
O4—C13—C3	124.88 (16)	C12—C11—H11B	110.3
O5—C13—C3	110.65 (14)	H11A—C11—H11B	108.6
C1—C2—C3	111.96 (15)	C9—C8—C7	106.42 (17)
C1—C2—C10	120.84 (15)	C9—C8—H8	126.8
C3—C2—C10	127.08 (15)	C7—C8—H8	126.8
C3—C4—N2	126.11 (16)	C6—C7—C8	106.60 (17)
C3—C4—S1	110.77 (13)	C6—C7—H7	126.7
N2—C4—S1	123.06 (13)	C8—C7—H7	126.7
O2—C10—O3	122.79 (16)	C8—C9—O1	111.14 (17)
O2—C10—C2	123.91 (16)	C8—C9—H9	124.4
O3—C10—C2	113.27 (14)	O1—C9—H9	124.4
C4—C3—C2	113.65 (15)	C14—C15—H15A	109.5
C4—C3—C13	121.43 (15)	C14—C15—H15B	109.5
C2—C3—C13	124.67 (15)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
O5—C14—C15	107.41 (15)	C14—C15—H15C	109.5

supplementary materials

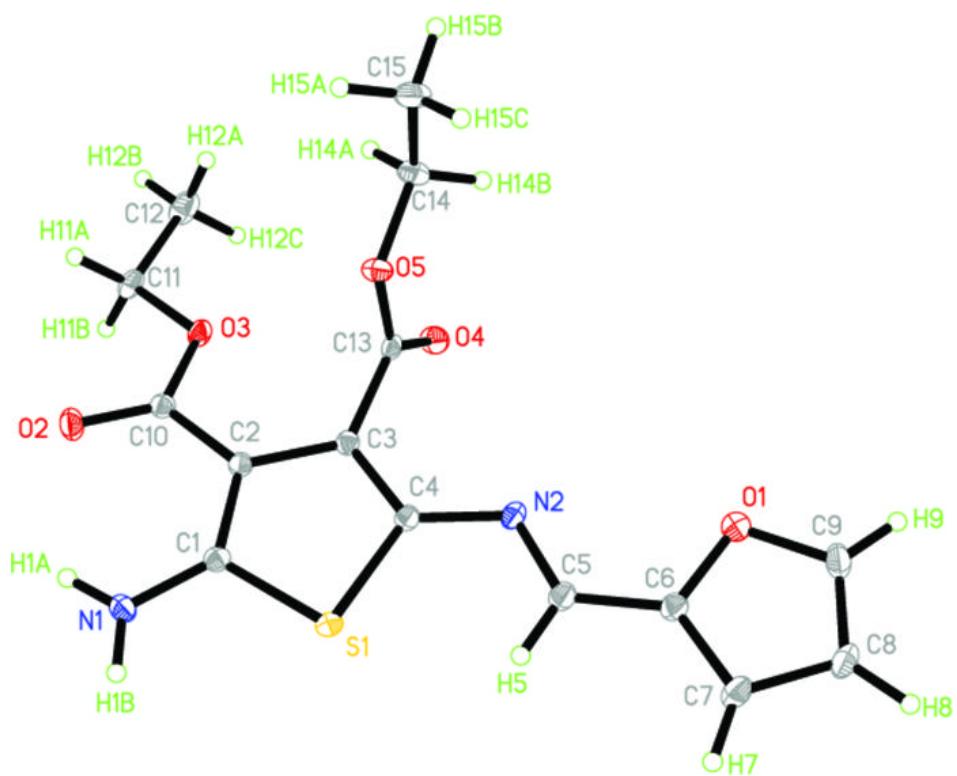
O5—C14—H14A	110.2	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
C15—C14—H14A	110.2	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
O5—C14—H14B	110.2	C11—C12—H12A	109.5
C15—C14—H14B	110.2	C11—C12—H12B	109.5
H14A—C14—H14B	108.5	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
N1—C1—C2	128.96 (16)	C11—C12—H12C	109.5
N1—C1—S1	118.97 (13)	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
C2—C1—S1	111.94 (13)	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
C7—C6—O1	109.92 (16)		
C14—O5—C13—O4	3.5 (2)	O5—C13—C3—C4	-101.12 (18)
C14—O5—C13—C3	-177.89 (14)	O4—C13—C3—C2	-108.6 (2)
C5—N2—C4—C3	179.86 (17)	O5—C13—C3—C2	72.8 (2)
C5—N2—C4—S1	2.9 (2)	C13—O5—C14—C15	-167.31 (15)
C1—S1—C4—C3	-1.07 (14)	C3—C2—C1—N1	-177.66 (17)
C1—S1—C4—N2	176.35 (15)	C10—C2—C1—N1	-1.3 (3)
C11—O3—C10—O2	-5.4 (2)	C3—C2—C1—S1	-1.82 (18)
C11—O3—C10—C2	172.78 (14)	C10—C2—C1—S1	174.49 (12)
C1—C2—C10—O2	9.1 (3)	C4—S1—C1—N1	177.96 (14)
C3—C2—C10—O2	-175.17 (17)	C4—S1—C1—C2	1.66 (13)
C1—C2—C10—O3	-169.01 (15)	C9—O1—C6—C7	0.0 (2)
C3—C2—C10—O3	6.7 (2)	C9—O1—C6—C5	179.52 (17)
N2—C4—C3—C2	-177.09 (15)	C4—N2—C5—C6	178.96 (16)
S1—C4—C3—C2	0.22 (19)	C7—C6—C5—N2	179.79 (19)
N2—C4—C3—C13	-2.6 (3)	O1—C6—C5—N2	0.3 (3)
S1—C4—C3—C13	174.76 (12)	C10—O3—C11—C12	175.14 (15)
C1—C2—C3—C4	1.0 (2)	O1—C6—C7—C8	-0.1 (2)
C10—C2—C3—C4	-175.00 (16)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-179.58 (18)
C1—C2—C3—C13	-173.30 (15)	C9—C8—C7—C6	0.2 (2)
C10—C2—C3—C13	10.7 (3)	C7—C8—C9—O1	-0.2 (2)
O4—C13—C3—C4	77.5 (2)	C6—O1—C9—C8	0.1 (2)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D\cdots H$	$D—H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D—H\cdots A$
N1—H1A ⁱ —O2 ⁱ	0.88	2.20	2.889 (2)	135
N1—H1B ⁱⁱ —O4 ⁱⁱ	0.88	2.50	3.059 (3)	122

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y, -z+2$; (ii) $-x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+3/2$.

Fig. 1



supplementary materials

Fig. 2

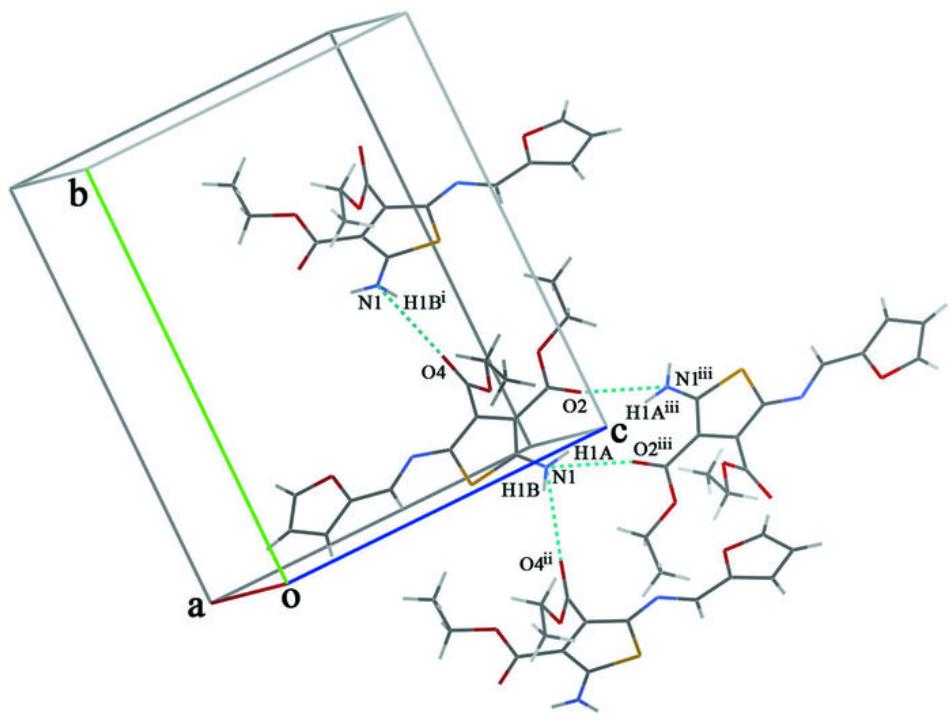


Fig. 3

